THE N°. 22.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtic.

FRIDAY, *September* 20, 1745.

HAGUE, June 1.

THEY write from Genoa, that by the Treaty the Republic concluded the 18th of April laſt with France and Spain, thoſe two Crowns have agreed to put the Republic in Poſſeſſion of certain Diſtricts along the Coaſt, which lie convenient for her, and guarantied to her all the Territories ſhe is actually in poſſeſſion of: That tho' the City of Genoa is threatned with a Bombardment, the Senate are reſolved to perform the Engagements they have contracted in the ſaid Treaty; that they have already begun to diſcharge Part of the Republic's Obligations, and that her Troops will join the Spaniards, and act whatſoever the two Crowns ſhall think proper.

According to Advices from Germany, a Rupture between the Courts of Dreſden and Berlin is at hand: The Pruſſian Troops that were encamped near Magdeburg have already paſſed the Elbe, in order to draw near to the Frontiers of Saxony, and to make an Irruption into Saxony, as ſoon as they hear that the Saxon Troops have entered Sileſia.

The laſt Letters from Francfort and Mentz ſay, that they are ſtill in the Dark about the real Deſigns of the Prince of Conti; but that they do not believe that he intends to evacuate Germany, nor ſend any of his Troops to Flanders: That neither was there the leaſt Appearance that any of the Troops of the Confederate Army on the Lower Rhine would march away to the Netherlands, becauſe that would be leaving the Territories of Hanover and Saxony too much expoſed: That it is much more natural to ſuppoſe this Army will endeavour to join that under Field-Marſhal Gount Traun; and that it was very probable all the Prince of Conti's Motions tend only to prevent this Junction, and attack one or other of thoſe two Armies. Theſe Advices add, that by the Diſpoſitions making on both Sides, a Battle ſeems to be unavoidable.

Naples, May 18. The Veſſels which have been ſo long loaded, and lain in this Port with Artillery, Ammunition, *&c.* are at laſt ſuddenly ſailed, to the Number of 19 or 20, at different Times within this Week; and there are about 7 or 8 more remaining in this Mole, which it is expected will ſoon follow. Some ſay they are deſigned for Orbitello, and the Garriſons on the Coaſt of Tuſcany.

Dreſden, June 5, N. S. By Letters from Landſhut of the 1ſt Inſtant, the Combined Army was ſtill there, but would in a few Days march up to the Pruſſians, who were encamped near Schweidnitz. The Allies had then taken Freyberg, a Town ſituated in the Plain, not a German Mile from the Enemy; and there are other Letters which give an Account, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has abandoned Schweidnitz. If this be true, it will give the Allies a free Paſſage into the open Country. The combined Army is divided equally into two Columns. The King of Poland has aſſured her Hungarian Majeſty by Letter, that Orders ſhall be immediately diſpatched to Francfort, to have all the Quarters that formerly belonged to the Bohemian Embaſſy reſtored to her Miniſters.

Vienna, June 2, N.S. We hear from Sileſia, that Colonel Buccow, Lieutenant-Colonel de Dolne, and Baron St. Ivary, having reſolved to attack the Town of Koſel, marched upon the 26th paſt from Schonbrun towards that Place, where the Troops under their Command arrived at 2 o'Clock in the Morning. Twelve Pandours preſently after leaped into the Ditches before the Town, which were 50 Feet broad, waded through them with the Water up to their Middle, and were immediately followed by 200 Pandours more, and ſome other Troops. The Centinel thereupon fired his Piece, and the Picquet and Round who were paſſing by came up, but they could not prevent the Pandours from aſſiſting each other in their Attempt to mount the Ramparts, which were encompaſſed with Trees. Soon after they made themſelves Maſters of a Battery of 5 Pieces of Cannon, one of which they turned and diſcharged againſt the Town. The Enemy made a furious Fire from a neighbouring Battery, but a Lieutenant of Pandours having ſlipped into the inward Works with a few Men, and having attacked the Enemy in Flank, and the reſt of the Troops alſo advancing Sword in Hand, they were obliged to retire into the Town. In the mean Time Col. de Dolne having cauſed a Party of his Men to get upon the Redoubt without, they cut down the Gates with Hatchets, and forced their Way into the Town; whereupon the Garriſon was obliged to ſurrender Priſoners at Diſcretion. This Action, from Beginning to End, laſted only an Hour and a half. We had 10 Men killed, and but very few wounded; amongſt the laſt are Col. St. Ivary, and the Captain Lieutenant Trent. But the Enemy had above 60 killed, amongſt whom were the Commandant, a Colonel, and a Captain, beſides ſeveral other Officers; and a great Number of private Men wounded. Amongſt the Priſoners are 19 Officers and 400 common Soldiers. We found 27 Pieces of Cannon upon the Ramparts, 10 of which were Braſs, and quite new; the greateſt Part of them are 12 Pounders. We alſo took above 100 Carriages laden with Ammunition, and a conſiderable Magazine. The whole combined Army of Auſtrians and Saxons were to rendezvous on the 30th paſt at Landſhut. The Defiles to be paſſed might, it is thought here, have been defended by 15000 Men againſt any Force whatſoever, and this Court as well as Prince Charles, had been in great Pain for ſome Days for the Succeſs of the Enterprize; eſpecially as Count Nadaſti with

with the most advanced Guards, had been obliged to retire with the Loss of 200 Men a few Days before. But this was the first and last Effort made by the Prussians, for preventing the Entry into Silesia from Landshut; there are Defients, but not difficult, which lead either to Schweidnitz or Jauer. The Prussians were still at Schweidnitz, but would it was supposed go to Liguitz; to which last Place there is not above one Day's March from Jauer.

Villingen, May 28. Above 6000 of the Inhabitants of the Black Forest have taken up Arms, under the Command of Major Rotenhan, who have just given a Specimen of their Bravery, in attacking a Body of French Troops that escorted a Train of Artillery from Friburg into Alsace, killed a great many of them, dispersed the rest, and carried off all the Cannon. They only wait to be joined by the Peasants of Bergeatz, in order to pass the Rhine, and endeavour to recompence themselves for the exorbitant Contributions which the French have extorted from them. This Behaviour greatly embarrasses the Governor of Hunningen, who has planted some Cannon to defend the Passage of the Rhine, and by that Means prevent their paying him a Visit. They every Day alarm the French Troops, who are in continual Fear of being surprised.

Hague, June 18, O. S. Since the Surrender of the Citadel of Tournay, we are anxious to know the ulterior Operations of the French Army: Various Conjectures are made on this Head, too tedious as well as needless to dwell upon, for the French King's Design is absolutely unknown as yet. The People have certainly murmured at the Surrender of that Fortress, and that it has not been better defended: Some have gone so far as to suspect a private Understanding; for they think it very surprising, that the Covert-Way should cost the French little or nothing at all; and that during the whole Siege both of the Town and Citadel, they have not lost 1500 Men more than the Besieged have done. Nay, it has been reported, that some Ministers of the Courts in Alliance with that of Vienna have discovered a sort of Convention, by which France has agreed to give the Republic a Barrier nearer Home, and less chargeable; but when People are discontented, they will swallow down any Rumours, and therefore this may be set down as a Thing that wants Confirmation.

LONDON, June 4.

The Bonne Esperance, Capt. de Fornee, a French Cutter Privateer belonging to Bologne, of 6 Carriage Guns and 36 Men, is taken by the Eagle Privateer, Capt. Bazely, and brought into Dover. This Cutter has long infested the Coasts about Beachy Head, and taken several Prizes.

His Majesty's Ships the Captain and Princess Louisa being on a Cruize in the Channel on the 30th past, at 7 in the Morning saw two Sail to the S. W. of them, to which they immediately gave Chace. One of the Ships, which was an English Privateer, stood towards the Captain, and told them the other Ship was a Privateer of St. Malo's. The Captain and Princess Louisa continued their Chace, and at 8 in the Evening came up with the Ship, which struck without firing a Gun. She proves to be the Achilles Privateer of St. Malo's, of 22 Guns and 148 Men, and is sent into Plymouth.

Yesterday came Advice, that on Sunday last his Majesty's Ship the Monmouth took off Portland a French Privateer of 18 Carriage Guns, and 200 Men.

By Advices from Hamburg, dated June 4, N. S. we learn, that his Swedish Majesty had consented that his Troops which are in Bavaria, should go into the Pay of his Britannic Majesty.

June 27. Private Letters from Francfort say, that M. de Chavigny, before he retired from Munich, made a formal Demand of the Money lent by the Crown of France to the late Emperor, from the Elector of Bavaria; who immediately declared, that it was neither in his Power nor in his Will to pay it, nay to yield the Anterior Austria as an Equivalent.

Private Letters from the Hague inform us, that the Baron de Riesach having pressed the States to declare War against France, was answered, It was a Thing the French desire all Things desired; because it would afford them an Opportunity of attacking the inner Barrier, and at the same Time oblige their High Mightinesses to employ so many Troops in their Garrisons, as would oblige them to withdraw a Part of those they have at present in the Field.

Letters from Flanders say, that the French are making Preparations for the entire Demolition of the Works of Tournay.

Next Week the Forces for Annapolis-Royal, being near 600, will embark on board the Transports at Gravesend for that Place.

We hear Capt. Norris came over with the last Dutch Packet, and has surrendered himself in order to take his Trial.

We hear that Capt. Talbot, in chacing a Prize, founder'd at Sea about a Fortnight ago, by running foul on a Wreck floating; by which Misfortune the Captain and all the Crew, except nineteen, were drowned, who were taken up by the Duke her Consort.

We are informed, that 28 Deserters from the French Army have been hanged for Spies, *per* Order of the Duke of Cumberland.

BOSTON, August 19.

Extract of a Letter from Louisburg to a Gentleman in Boston, dated August 5, 1745.

'In my last I informed you of an East-India Man's being taken and brought in here. I have now an Opportunity of acquainting you not only of another India Man's being taken; but also of a South-Sea Man, who, I am told by Commodore Warren, has on board near 400,000 *l.* Sterling in Money, about 600 Serons of Cocoa, and some Hides; and this Money Mr. Warren (who gives us all the Proof imaginable of being a true and hearty Friend to New-England, and in a particular Manner to this Place) intends to divide amongst the Captors, which are six Men of War, all being within Sight when taken, and to share without Contention these three valuable Prizes. —— We learn by this South-Sea Ship, that two others came with her from Lima, both richer than this; and that they all three were attacked in Lat. 43, something to the Eastward of the Newfoundland Banks, by two English Ships, who took the other two. Mr. Warren from Circumstances is in strong Hopes they are the other two Ships belonging to his Squadron that are cruising; viz. the Superb and Wager: Who the lucky Captains are we cannot yet tell; but it is a Pleasure to know they are taken, as on the one Hand these valuable Prizes enrich the British Subjects, and on the other, distress our great Enemy.'

Capt. Lepington is arrived at Portsmouth in 18 Days from Antigua, and informs, that the Day before he sailed, a Sloop from Plymouth in England arrived there in 30 Days, bringing Advice that a Squadron of 10 French Ships of the Line had sailed for Cape-Breton; upon which 'twas said, that 11 of our English Ships of the Line had Orders to intercept them, and if they did not meet with them, they were to follow them even to Louisburg.

Aug. 26. Friday last was publish'd here, in solemn Form, a Declaration of War against the Eastern and Canada Indians; after which, his Honour the Lieutenant Governor's Proclamation for Encouragement to Volunteers to prosecute the War against them was published, wherein the following Rewards are given for the Prosecution thereof; *viz.* Any Persons who shall at their own proper Costs and Charge go out, and take or kill any Male above 12 Years old, shall receive the Sum of 100 *l.* New Tenor,

nor, if the Scalp be brought in; and if taken alive and delivered to the Government, the Sum of 105 *l.* like Money; and for Females and Children, if kill'd, 50 *l.* and 55 *l.* if taken alive: And such as shall, at the Charge of the Government, go out and kill any, to have 65 *l.* for a Male, and 78 *l.* if taken alive; and for Females and Children, if kill'd 37 *l.* and if taken 39 *l.* and a suitable Reward for any kill'd in Fight, *&c.*

We have a Report in Town, that Capt. Cleves, Commander of a Briſtol Privateer, and another Privateer in Conſort with him, have taken the two South Sea Ships lately mentioned in this Paper, and carried them to Newfoundland.

ANNAPOLIS.

This Morning arrived here the Brig. Martin, Capt. Florence, from Boſton, who came into the Bay with the Virginia and Maryland Fleet, convoy'd by a Man of War; ſeveral of the Ships are ſince arrived here, and in South River.

In the London Prints of the 15th of July, amongſt other Articles of News, is the following.

Extract of a Letter, dated Oſtend, July 5.

'This Morning at One o' Clock we were alarmed by a moſt 'terrible Fire of Cannon, which proved to be a Sea-Engage-'ment cloſe under our Cannon. Two 20 Gun Ships, *viz.* the 'Bridgwater Man of War, Lord George Graham, the Sheer-'neſs Man of War, Capt. Gordon, and the Tender command-'ed by Lieut. Ferguſon, were cloſe engaged with the Real Pri-'vateer of 28 Guns, the Princeſs de Penthievre of 26 Guns, and 'a Dogger of 18 Guns, all from Dunkirk, who had under their 'Convoy the following Prizes which they had taken in the 'North Seas, *viz.* the Mary, Capt. Hill, from Newcaſtle for 'Carolina; the Cambridge, Capt. Duncan, the Baltimore, Biggs. 'and the Sea Horſe, Williams, late Randell, from Virginia for 'London; two Bremen Ships for Briſtol; and a Scotch Veſſel 'with Corn.

'The Engagement laſted 'til paſt Five, when our Men of 'War run the two great Privateers aſhore, and the firſt 4 large 'Prizes, and ſecur'd the two Bremen Veſſels; the Dogger Pri-'vateer got clear from our three Commanders, who bore the 'Fire of three Privateers, as alſo of the Prizes, which are all 'Ships of Force, and fired as much as any of them; and they 'all almoſt Yard Arm and Yard Arm. Capt. Gordon ſuſtain-'ed the Fire of three Privateers for above half an Hour, when 'he was obliged te ſheer to ſtop a Leak; then the Lord George 'Graham came up and chock'd them faſt aſhore: But I muſt 'tell you that it was high Water, and they came ſo cloſe to the 'Shore, that the two 20 Gun Ships are alſo aſhore with them. 'The French alſo behaved well; after Lord Graham had run 'the two large Privateers aſhore, and himſelf alſo, they conti-'nued firing at each other for near a Quarter of an Hour, be-'fore the French would ſtrike their Colours.

'I have juſt been down the Strand where they lie. On board 'the Real Privateer there are about 40 Men killed and wound-'ed; on board the Princeſs de Penthievre, about 30 kill'd, and 'as many wounded, and their Sails ſo much ſhatter'd that they 'are like Sieves. As to our Loſs, it is a Thing almoſt not to 'be credited, being ſo trifling; notwithſtanding the terrible Fire 'they ſuſtained. Capt. Gordon is wounded in the Foot by a 'Splinter, and has one Man killed and two wounded; and on 'board the Tender not one hurt. We are in great Hopes the 'Men of War will be got off next Tide, notwithſtanding they 'are both dry. The Real's main Maſt is ſtained all over with 'Blood, which came from their own Round Tops: The ſaid 'Privateer had on board fifteen or ſixteen Ranſomers.'

Yeſterday came Advice, that the above Ships are all ſafely arrived at Dover.

Extract from the Votes and Proceedings of the Lower Houſe of Aſſembly.

September 2, A. M. The following Addreſs was preſented.

To his Excellency Thomas Bladen, *Eſq; Governor of Maryland.*

The humble Addreſs of the Houſe of Delegates.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

IN your Meſſage to this Houſe, you were pleaſed to ſay, "that One Pound of Tobacco *per* Poll has been Aſſeſſed "and Levied from the Taxable Inhabitants of this Province, "by virtue of an Act of Aſſembly entituled, *An Act for the or-"dering and regulating the Militia of this Province for the bet-"ter Defence and Security thereof.*" In Anſwer to which permit us to obſerve, that the ſaid Act being a temporary Act by a Clauſe of continuance for Three Years and to the End of the next Seſſion of Aſſembly after the ſaid Three Years, was, at a Seſſion of Aſſembly held at *Annapolis* the 14th Day of *May* 1719, by an Act then Paſſed, continued in Force for Three Years and to the End of the next Seſſion of Aſſembly after the End of the ſaid Three Years (*Body of Laws, Fol.* 209.) And at a Seſſion of Aſſembly held at the ſaid City the 10th Day of *October* 1722, by a clauſe of an Act then Paſſed (*Body of Laws, Fol.* 235) entituled, *An Act directing how the Fines ſhall be adjudged againſt ſuch as neglect to appear at Muſters*, was again continued by the Words following, *viz.* "*And be it further* "*Enacted*, That an Act, entituled, *An Act for ordering and re-"gulating the Militia of this Province, for the better Defence "and Security thereof*, made at a Seſſion of Aſſembly begun "and held at the City of *Annapolis* the Twenty-ſixth Day of "*April*, *Anno Domini*, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Fif-"teen, is hereby Revived and continued in full Force."

We humbly conceive, that the laſt recited Act of 1722, being a ſupplementary, explanatory and dependant Act on that of 1715, and the continuing Clauſe of the latter, *viz.* "for Three "Years and to the End of the next Seſſion of Aſſembly after "the End of the ſaid Three Years," not being Repealed, but Revived and Continued therewith, and there not being any Expreſſions to ſhew it to be the Intention of the Legiſlative Power, that the Act of 1715 ſhould be perpetual, we apprehend the ſame has been long ſince Expired: And altho' this be our Opinion on that Point, we take leave further to obſerve to your Excellency, that if the ſaid Act were in it's full Force, yet it does not appear to us, that your Excellency, and the Honourable Board, have acted agreeable to the letter, meaning, or intention thereof.

It gives us great Concern to have any cauſe of Complaint againſt or Difference with, your Excellency and that Honourable Board, and therefore truly wiſh, and hope to find, that the Welfare and Eaſe of the People may and will be the Meaſure and Rule of Acting.

We therefore hope you will agree with us, that it is a high Infringement on the Liberties of the People of *Maryland*, to Levy any Taxes on them under colour of Law, as not only we, but our Conſtituents generally conceive has been done in this Caſe.

Cuſtom-Houſe, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,

Sloop Cheſter, James Earle, from Boſton.

Cleared for Departure,

Snow Cumberland, William Smith, for London;
Brig. James and Martha, John Bramley, for Virginia;
Sloop George, John Dunn, for Virginia.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

STOLEN,

ON Tueſday the 17th Inſtant at Night, from a large Flat, belonging to Dr. *Charles Carroll*, in the Cove at *Annapolis*, a large Grapnel Weight, about Thirty Pounds. Whoever will diſcover the Thief or Thieves, ſo that they or any one of them be brought to legal Puniſhment for the ſame, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward, paid by the ſaid *Carroll*.

Jun.

RUN away from on board a Sloop belonging to Captain *John Ellis*, lying at *Kent* Island, a Servant Man named *John Pritchard*, of low Stature, speaks thick, has a freſh Colour, and black Hair, and is a little pitted with the Small-Pox. He is ſuppoſed to have gone towards *Virginia*, or *Philadelphia*; and is the Property of the Subſcriber.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo as he may be had again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, if taken in this Province; or Two Piſtoles, if out of it; and reaſonable Charges allowed, if brought to *Annapolis*. WILLIAM THORNTON.

RUN away from the City of *Annapolis*, a Negro Man named *Peter John*, belonging to the Subſcriber of *Q. Anne's* County; all his Fingers are Froſt-bitten, he has red Eyes, and walks lame: He had on when he went away a blue Cloth Coat, and an old Velvet Cap. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Negro, and brings him to the Houſe of *Thomas Williamſon*, in the ſaid City, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, beſides what the Law allows, paid either by ſaid *Williamſon*, or THO. CLARK.

N. B. The above Negro has a Writing expreſſing his Freedom, given him by the *Spaniards*, by whom he was lately taken: And it is ſuppoſed he went towards *Virginia*, in order to go to *South-Carolina*.

ON Thurſday the 10th of *October*, 1745, Friday the 11th, and Saturday the 12th of the ſame Month, a Fair will be kept at *Baltimore* Town, in *Baltimore* County.

On the the firſt Day of the ſaid Fair will be run for, by any Horſe, Mare, or Gelding, Ten Pounds Current Money; to run three Heats, half a Mile each Heat, and to carry one Hundred Twenty-five Pounds Weight.

On the ſecond Day will be run for Five Pounds Current Money, to run three Heats the ſame Diſtance, and to carry the ſame Weight; the winning Horſe the firſt Day to be excepted on the ſecond.

On the third Day will be run for Three Pounds Current Money, the ſame Courſe, three Heats; the winning Horſes on the firſt and ſecond Days to be excepted.

The Horſes, *&c.* to be entered either with *William Hammond*, or *Darby Lux*, at any Time before the Day of Racing; paying Ten Shillings for each Horſe of the firſt Day, Seven Shillings for each Horſe of the ſecond Day, and Half a Crown for each Horſe of the third Day.

A Hat and Ribbon of Twenty-five Shillings Value to be cudgelled for on the ſecond Day, and a Pair of *London* Pumps to be wreſtled for on the third Day.

All Diſputes that may ariſe, to be determined by *William Hammond*, *Charles Ridgley*, and *Darby Lux*.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living at *Oxford* in *Talbot* County, on the 31ſt Day of *Auguſt* laſt, a Convict Servant Man named *Samuel Wood*; he is a *Londoner* born, very tall, and thin viſaged, has black Eyes, and a roguiſh Look; he has ſeveral Bumps broke out on his Face, not unlike the Small-Pox. He wears a light-colour'd Coat with white Metal Buttons, and a ſhort dark-colour'd Wig; and has with him a Pair or two of ſhort Petticoat Oſnabrigs Trowſers, with ſeveral Shirts of white and check'd Linnen, *&c.* He writes a good Hand; and has ſomething like a harſh Liſp in his Speech, tho' it is not eaſily perceived.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, and brings him to *Oxford*, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, beſides what the Law allows.

Oxford, Sept. 2, 1745. ROBERT MORRIS.

To be SOLD,

By the Subſcriber at Oxford *in* Talbot *County*,

AT reaſonable Rates, for Bills of Exchange, Paper-Money, or good Tobacco delivered there, Great Choice of *Iriſh* and *German* Linnens; with moſt other Sorts of *European* and *India* Goods, Loaf Sugar, fine Salt, *&c.* a neat carv'd Lyon's Head, fit for a Ship of about 400 Hogſheads Burthen.

Alſo good *Weſt-India* Rum, Sugar, and Meloſſes, juſt imported from *Antigua*. ROBERT MORRIS.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 11th of *April* laſt, a Negro Man named *Cæſar*, about 29 Years of Age, of a middle Stature, has a Negro Mark between his Eye-Brows, and ſnagged Teeth; he was born in *Barbadoes*, and ſpeaks good *Engliſh*; he is mark'd on his Breaſt and other Parts of his Body with the Laſhes of a Cowſkin: He had on when he went away a brown Duffel Coat, and a ſhort blue Waiſtcoat. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Negro, and brings him to the Subſcriber in *St. Mary's* County, at *Trent Neck*, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, beſides what the Law allows. ANNE GREENFIELD.

THE Subſcriber having lately procured a Watchmaker, who was brought up to that Buſineſs in *London*, and is a very good Hand; hereby informs all Gentlemen and others, who have any Clocks or Watches out of Order, that they may have them repaired in the cheapeſt, beſt, and moſt expeditious Manner.

Annapolis, Sept. 13, 1745. JOHN INCH.

St. Mary's County, *September* 3, 1745.

RAN away from the Subſcriber two Servant Men, one named *John Baley*, the other *Samuel Queenborough*; both *Engliſhmen*, and able young Fellows; one of them a Weaver. They had on when they went away each a Swanſkin Jacket, and Oſnabrigs Trowſers, one had a Check'd Shirt, the other an Oſnabrigs Frock; and took with them a white Holland Jacket and check'd Shirt, appearing much like Sailors. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Servants, ſo as the Subſcriber may have them again, ſhall have Two Piſtoles Reward, beſides what the Law allows. JOHN EDES.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, near *Upper Marlborough* in *Prince George's* County, on the 24th of *February* laſt, two Negroes, *viz.* a Man and a Woman; the Man is a lufty well made Fellow; the Woman a tall ſlim Wench, full Eyed: They have carried ſundry Cloaths with them, and are ſuppoſed to be harboured by the Negro-Quarters.

Whoever will bring the ſaid Negroes to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, if taken leſs than ten Miles from home; Four Pounds, if more than ten Miles from home; and Ten Pounds, if taken over *Manockeſy*; paid by

Auguſt 30, 1745. LINGAN WILSON.

RUN away from the Head of *South* River, on the 16th of *Auguſt* laſt, a Mulatto Man named *John Stokes*, alias *Collins*, a likely young Fellow, aged about 28 Years, has ſhort black Hair a little curl'd; he plays very well on the Fiddle, and formerly belonged to Dr. *Charles Carroll*, of *Annapolis*. His Apparel when he went away was a grey Kerſey Jacket, a fine Caſtor Hat pretty much wore, a new Oſnabrigs Shirt and Trowſers. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Mulatto ſo as he may be had again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward if taken in *Anne Arundel* County; and Forty Shillings, if taken in any other County; and reaſonable Charges. STEPHEN HIGGINS.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper.